Kahramaa District Cooling Services Department

"District Cooling is a Sustainable Solution, if regulated properly





Agenda

- District Cooling Department- Mandate
- District Cooling Capacity in Qatar
- CD alignment With QNV 2030
- District Cooling Design & Water Management Code
 A) Design guideline for Energy Efficiency Improvement
 B)Operational Plant KPI Compliance and Reporting.
- Recycled Water Use in District Cooling.
- Roadmap



District Cooling Department ,Kahramaa



District Cooling is a centralized solution providing Chilled Water to multiple buildings through a network

Definition of District Cooling VS. Conventional Cooling



Conventional Cooling





- Centralized plant producing and distributing chilled water for cooling through a network
- Economies of scale enable higher efficiency and improved cooling services

- Systems providing air conditioning to stand-alone buildings/units/villas
- Lower efficiency than District Cooling, increasing energy consumption and impacting environmental sustainability



District Cooling Department Established

Qatar General Electricity & Water cooperation "KAHRAMAA" has established a District Cooling Services department (CD) with the intent to regulate and promote district cooling services in Qatar by utilizing best-inclass operational efficiencies in a more sustainable way. The department came into existence with the resolution from council of ministry vide reference 825 dated 2nd May 2012.

Suggest general policies for District Cooling
 Set up rules and regulations for District Cooling and ensuring that they are being complied with
 Set up District Cooling standards and specifications and ensure that they are being complied with
 Decide on areas to be served by District Cooling as per priorities and

visibility (economically) in coordination with Concerned Authorities in the

country

5. Suggest tariff structures for customers

6. Approve District Cooling activities

7. Develop Integrated Programs of whatever related to District Cooling

Mandate

The main DC stakeholders in Qatar are the DC Providers, the Developers and the Government Entities

DC Stakeholders List

DC Player	Definition	Examples	Description
	Operates DC plants and sells cooling services to customers	ومطر کوول CATAR COOL	 DC market leader with 24 % of market share Currently owns and operates DC plants in Pearl Qatar and in West Bay (3 plants)
DC Provider		Lusail City District Cooling Company	 DC operator in Lusail City with 7% market share and expanding its capacity
Developer	Owns development and provides cooling services to its tenants	Qatar Soundation	 Non-profit organization for education, science and community development Owns and operates several DC plants for non-commercial purposes- 17% of the toal installed capacity.
		Msheireb Properties	 Real estate development company and subsidiary of QF Owns and Operates one DC plant in Msheireb Downtown Doha
Government Entities	Interact with Kahramaa CD and with DC operators	Ashghal	 Responsible for collection, treatment and distribution of recycled water Owns drainage assets including sewage treatment plants
		Ministry of Commerce	 Issues related to district cooling tariff and customer complaints
		Ministry of Municipality	 environment. The law that defines the limits is applicable to the DC plants. Determines appropriate use of land with respect of infrastructures Provides GFA projections to Kahramaa CD
		Ministry of Public Health	 Provides health precautions for the use of the recycled water for cooling purposes
		Other KM Departments	 Departments responsible for activities related to DC: for Planning (electricity & water), Energy efficiency, Customers' Service and HSE



District Cooling Capacity in Qatar



District Cooling Capacity in 2023



Total Cooling Capacity based on 2022 Electricity Peak Demand load: Source 1: PQ Electrify Demand Projection . 65% demand is considered for Cooling

District Cooling Department

Installed Cooling Capacity Increase



1) Cooling Capacity Based on Actual installed Capacity of Cooling plants .

Regulating the DC sector and allowing it to reach its full potential will result in several benefits to the State of Qatar



2) Cumulative savings from 2022 to 2030

Projection(2022-2030)* District Cooling Saving 2022 2024 2026 2028 **Cumulative Monetary** 2030 Cumulative Savings Potable Water 14.4 27.4 30.3 33.2 232 Million m3 **11** Billion QR 22.0 Savings M m3 Water Savings 2.0 Savings Co₂ Emission 16.19 Million TON 1.39 1.49 2.24 1.85 2.05 Reduction M Ton of CO2 **Electricity** 3.93 Consumption (Fuel Gas) Savings **Elect Consumption** 25207 GWh 2052 2571 3873 3533 3199 Savings GWh Electrical Distribution **Elect Distribution** 4.21 180 162 77 131 1315 MW 253 **Capacity Savings** Savings MW **Electrical Generation** 0.9 **Electricity Generation** 143 MW 17 24 38 11.5 19.6 **Capacity Savings** Savings MW **Billion Qatari Riyals** From 2022 to 2030 2024 2022 2026 2028 2030

District Cooling Projected saving is ~ 1.2 Billion Qatari Riyals Per Year

* Saving Estimation based on assumption that 40% of annual increase in cooling load will be DC.

District Cooling Department Alignment with QNV 2030



CD Alignment to Qatar National Vision 2030



District Cooling Design & Water Management Code



DISTRICT COOLING DESIGN & WATER MANAGEMNET CODE



Objective of District Cooling (DC) Code :

- Human health and environmental safety
- Reliability
- Efficient use of water
- Efficient use of energy
- Sustainability
- Cost-effectiveness

DC Code includes two parts.

Part 1 :District Cooling Design and Water Management Standards,

which are mandatory, minimum requirements for the design of DC Systems that are deemed essential for meeting the KPIs.

Part 2 :District Cooling Services Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), which are mandatory, minimum requirements for the performance of DC Systems.

KM DC Code ,DCP Electricity Consumption KPI requirement

1.4 Energy Efficiency

The following tables provide minimum required performance levels for New Plants, Existing Plants and Temporary Plants with respect to electricity consumption. Energy efficiency KPI requirements for DC Providers utilizing unconventional DC Plant designs (e.g. natural gas chillers) or that otherwise do not fit into the categories listed shall be established by the Regulator based on the design characteristics of the DC Plant(s).

- KPIs 2.1 2.9 (Table 2) shall be in effect for New Plants after a period of one (1) year (or more, at the Regulator's discretion) from initial start-up.
- KPIs 3.1 3.2 (Table 3) shall be in effect for Existing Plants.
- KPIs 4.1 4.2 (Table 4) shall be in effect for Temporary Plants.

Compliance with the Energy Efficiency KPIs shall be calculated as follows:

- KPI: Plant electricity consumption in kWh divided by Cooling Energy (TR-hrs) produced at the DC Plant(s).
- Electricity consumption refers to total DC Plant consumption including chillers, Cooling Towers, Polishing Plant (if applicable), process pumps, distribution pumps, HVAC power and all other auxiliary equipment.

Table 2

KPI 2 -- Electricity Consumption in New Plants

KPI #	DC Plant Type	TES	Condenser Cooling Type	Water Source	KPI Level (Max kWh/TR-hr)
2.1	New	CHW	Cooling Towers	TSE/RW or Potable Water	0.87
2.2	New	None	Cooling Towers	TSE/RW or Potable Water	0.91
2.3	New	Ice	Cooling Towers	TSE/RW or Potable Water	1,17
2.5	New	None	Cooling Towers	Seawater	0.96
2.6	New	Ice	Cooling Towers	Seawater	1.23
2.7	New	CHW	Direct (once- through)	Seawater	0.93



Online System for District Cooling department Applications

C A Mana:83/?lang=en-us KAHRA القرار: للكريب رواليار MAA	المؤسسة العامة	District Cooling Department Applica	tions				
Class General Hectricity &	DC Plant Annual Information Returns and Key performance indicators (KPI)						
	Login Using	Water Meter Number PIN Number					
	Water Meter Number Password						
		Login	Reset/Forgot Password?				
		© Copyright 2020 KAHRAMAA All Rights Reserve جميع الحتري محفوظة (2020 كهرماء جميع الحقوق محفوظة ()	ed				

District Cooling department process are automated and can access from Kahramaa Website. Three applications available in KM website are Emergency Potable water request, DC Plant Annual information return and water quality reporting.



Inspection Visit to check DC Code KPI Compliance













Recycled Water use in District Cooling



Potable Water Prohibition Directive for Cooling .

Space cooling represents approximately 65% of the peak electricity demand in Qatar, which makes it the most important contributor to energy consumption. In the last decade, considerable demand growth in both electricity and water due to cooling has been experienced and is expected to continue in near future.

Demand for cooling load is met by water cooled centralized chiller plants, which are the most efficient option in terms of electricity consumption. However, utilizing water cooled chillers poses a threat to the scarcity of water resources in the region. Bearing in mind that Qatar water resources are 100% from desalinated water, increase use of water resources has an overall negative impact on the environment

First step taken after the Establishment of Department was to advice PWRC to Prohibit the use of Potable water for Cooling purpose .

As per Ministerial Directive 20/2013, Prohibited the use of desalinated water for cooling purposes and Cooling Plant operators should replace the use of desalinated Water with Treated Sewage Effluent (TSE) or sea water. This action will save a substantial amount of potable water in Qatar.



80% of Make up water use in Cooling is by Recycled Water



AHRA

CD Road Map



Draft Qatar DC Law Initial Approval Received

- 1. The current mandate of the department does not provide the power to act as a full-fledged Regulator. In order to act as Full-Fledged DC Regulator, District Cooling law devolped by the department and has got initial approval in 2020. CD has initiated to draft Qatar DC law which will mandate the role of the Regulator with regards to the different Regulatory Framework dimensions.
- 2. Executive regulations for DC law prepared by District Cooling department in coordination with LA department and waiting for Final Approval from Ministers Council.





End